(d) the other measures being taken by Government to control the population growth?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKSHMI): (a) Success of population and health issues depends on the socio-demographic factors, availability of resources and appropriate implementation of policies and programmes by the States.

(b) and (c) Linking two-child norm to attainment of goal of population stabilization is against the spirit of National Population Policy (NPP) 2000. However eigtht States viz. Andhra Pradesh, Delhi, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Orissa and Rajasthan have adopted two child norm for election to the local Government institutions.

(d) The measures being taken for population stabilization in the country include-adoption of National Population Policy (NPP), constitution of the National Commission on Population, registration of the National Population Stabilization Fund and constitution of an Empowered Action Group (EAG) for focused attention on 8 demographically weaker States. The Reproductive and Child Health (RCH) Programme was launched by Government in 1997 for provision of comprehensive reproductive, maternal, child health and contraceptive services to the people.

The Government has recently launched the National Rural Health Mission throughout the country, with special emphasis on 18 States i.e. Assam, Arunachal Pradesh, Sikkim, Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram, Orissa, Meghalaya, Tripura, Bihar, Jharkhand, Uttranchal, U.P., Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Chhattisgarh, Himachal Pradesh and Jammu and Kashmir for provision of comprehensive integrated primary health care services.

Installation of radio therapy units etc.

3948. SHRIMATI N.P. DURGA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the Hospitals to which Government have given financial assistance for installation of radio therapy units, cancer detection

machinery, development of Oncology wing, during the last five years, State-wise;

(b) whether any charitable cancer institution from Andhra Pradesh has requested Government for sanctioning some of the funds for developing its cancer research institutes;

(c) if so, the action that has been contemplated by Government on such request;

(d) whether any assessment has been made about the availability of required infrastructure and trained manpower at sixteen regional cancer centres; and

(e) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKSHMI): (a) The details are given in Statement-I & II (*See* below).

(b) and (c) A proposal from Indo-American Cancer Institute and Research Centre promoted by Smt. N.B.T. Rama Rao Memorial Cancer Foundation and American Telugu Women's Odrganization was received for grant-in-aid for purchase of various equipments. Under the then existing scheme of setting up of Cobalt Therapy Unit an amount of Rs. 1.00 crore was released to the Smt. N.B.T. Rama Rao Memorial Cancer Hospital, Hyderabad in 1999. Since this is a one-time grant, the request of the organization for additional assistance was not acceded to.

Another proposal for sanctioning grant-in-aid was received from TGL, Gowramma Gopal Setty Charitable Trust, Kurnool, Andhra Pradesh for Cobalt scheme. However, as per revised schemes under the NCCP, the grant-in-aid to the private charitable hospital/Non-governmental organizations has been discontinued. Hence no grant-in-aid was released to them.

(d) and (e) An evaluation of the National Cancer Control Programme was undertaken by the National Institute of Health & Family Welfare (NIHFW), New Delhi in December, 2002. Gist of the recommendations of the report are given in Statement—III.

Statement—I

Assistance under National Cancer Control Programme for setting up of cobalt therapy units

	2000-2001	(Rs. in lakhs)
1.	NAMCO Chaitable Tust, Panchavati Nasik, Maharashtra.	100.00
2.	Dr. S.S. Yadav Bhagwan Charitable Instt. of Cancer, Rewari, Harayana.	100.00
3.	Cancer Instt. Channai.	22.00
4.	Chittranjan National Cancer Institute, Calcutta	150.00
5.	Safdarjung Hospital, New Delhi (Mammography)	25.00
6.	Institute of Obsteric and Gynaecology Govt. Hosp. Tamil Nadu.	150.00
7.	Govt. Royapettah Hospital, Chennai	150.00
8.	Safdarjung Hosptital, New Delhi (Cobalt Units)	300.00
9.	Bhivani Govt. Hospital, Haryana	150.00
10.	Regional Cancer Centre, Trivandrum	7.50
11.	Chittaranjan National Cancer Institute, Calcutta	7.50
2001-02		
1.	Cancer Institute, Adyar, Chennai	78.00
2.	GSL Trust, Rajamundry, Andhra Pradesh	100.00
3.	Sheela Sharma Hospital, Mathura	100.00
4.	Devraj Urs Educational Trust, Kolar, Karnataka	100.00
5.	Bapuji Cancer Hospital Trust, Davangare, Karnataka	100.00
6.	Sibar Hospital, Vijayawada, (Mammography)	30.00
7.	Meherbai Tata Hospital, Jamshedpur	100.00

8.	CNCI, Kolkata (Iridium based HDR Brachytherapy)	200.00
9.	CNCI, Kolkata (Computerised Styrofoam Cutter System etc.)	85.00
10.	Banaras Hindu University, Varanasi	150.00
11.	MNJIO for Brachytherapy	71.00

2002-03

1.	MNJ Instt. of Oncology, Hyderabad	79.00
2.	VMMC & SJH , New Delhi	200.00
3.	P. Perichi Gounder Trust, Coimbatore	100.00
4.	Thakurpukur, West Bengal	100.00
5.	Barasat, Kolkata	71.00
6.	GTB Hospital, Delhi	200.00
7.	SGPGI, Lucknow	200.00

2003-04

1.	Barasat, Kolkata	29.00
2.	MGMM Trust, Bheemavaram (AP)	100.00
3.	BB Cancer Institute, Guwahati (Mammography)	30.00

(From 2004—05 onwards the scheme for Non-Governmental Organizations has been discontinued and for Govt. Hospitals/Medical Colleges the same has been merged with a new scheme called "Setting up of Oncology wing").

Statement—II

Financial assistance under National Cancer Control Programme for development of oncology wings

2000-01		(Rs. in lakhs)
1.	Medical College, Mysore.	200.00
2.	Banglore Medical College & Victoria Hospital, Bangalore	200.00

3.	S.G. Cancer Hospital & MGM Medical College, Indore	150.00
4.	Cama & Albless Hospital, Mumbai	150.00
5.	Netaji Subhash Chandra Medical College, Jabalpur, Madhya Pradesh	120.00
6.	Gandhi Medical College, Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh	50.00
	2001-2002	
1.	Civil Hospital, Mizoram	62.40
2.	Banaras Hindu University, Vanrnasi (U.P.)	200.00
2.	Govt. Medical College & Hospital, Chandigarh Issued/25.3.04 (Last year grant booked this year)	200.00
4.	Civil Hospital, Govt. of Mizoram Issued/4.3.04	8.60
5.	GGS Hospital & M.P. Shah Medical College, Jamnagar	150.00
6.	SSG Hospital & Govt Med. College, Vadodara	150.00
7.	IGIMS, Patna	200.00
8.	Rajendra Medical College, Ranchi	100.00
9.	Patliputra Medical College, Dhanbad	129.00
10.	Cobalt to Pt. J.N.M. Hospital, Chhattisgarh	150.00
11.	Raja Mirasudhar Govt. Hospital, Thanjavur (Mammography)	30.00
12.	General Hospital, Panchkula (Various eqpts.)	100.00
13.	Civil Hospital, Mizoram, Aizawl (Mammo).	30.00
14.	Mammography to Govt. Med. College, Tirunaleveli	30.00
15.	Mammography to Govt. Med. College, Coimbatore	30.00

16.	R.G. Kar Medical College, Kolkata	200.00
2002-03		
1.	Nilratan Sircar Medical College, Kolkata	50.00
2.	Rajaji Hospital, Madurai	31.00
3.	S.M.S. Hospital, Jaipur	30.00
4.	S.N. Medical College, Jodhpur	30.00
5.	Medical College Hospital, Kolkata	150.00
6.	VIMS, Bellary, Karnataka	200.00
7.	S.P. Medical College, Bikaner	50.00
8.	Netaji Subhash Med. College, Jabalpur	80.00
9.	Mohan Kumaramangalam Hospital, Salem(TN)	200.00
2003-04		
1.	Govt. of Tamil Nadu -Onc. grant to Stanley Medical College, Chennai	200.00
2.	Govt. of West Bengal SSKM Hosp. (Cobalt)	138.00
2004-05 (Named as Oncology grant)		
1.	Malabar Cancer Centre, Kannur	1.50 cr.
2.	Civil Hospital, Agartala	1.60 cr.
3.	GMCH, Trichur	1.20 cr.
4.	GMCH, Allahabad	3.00 cr.
5.	Arignar Anna Hospital, Kachipuram	2.88 cr.
6.	GMCH, Nagpur (From 3601 through RBI)	2.88 cr.
7.	GMCH Medinipur & Dt. Hospital, Malda (from 3601 through RBI)	3.00 cr.

8.	GMCH, Trivandrum (from 3601 through RBI)	3.00 cr.
9.	RCC, Trivandrum (Onc.)	2.00 cr.
10.	RCC, Bangalore (Onc.)	2.00 cr.
11.	IRCS, Nellore (Onc.)	2.50 cr.
12.	RCC, Guwahati (Onc.)	3.00 cr.
13.	Civil Hospital Mokokchung, Nagaland	2.21 cr.
14.	Civil Hospital, Shillong	3.00 cr.

Statement-III

Gist of the recommendations made by the NIHFW on the evaluation of National Cancer Control Programme

An evaluation of the National Cancer Control Programme was undertaken by the National Institute of Health & Family Welfare (NIHFW), New Delhi in December, 2002. Gist of the recommendations of the NIHFW are as follows:

1. The Regional Cancer Centres (RCCs) were found to be doing good work in the field of specialized cancer treatment.
2. The financial assistance to RCCs needs to be enhanced from the prevailing rate of Rs. 75.00 lakh per annum.
3. More RCCs need to be recognized in uncovered areas and additional RCCs in populous States.
4. One time capital grant may be sanctioned for the newly established RCCs for setting up basic infrastructure.
5. Funds under Oncology wing scheme need to be enhanced. All Medical College Hospitals may be provided at least one Cobalt Machine to treat cancer patients.
6. Second grant for purchase of equipment should be allowed considering the life of the equipment.
7. Funds under District Cancer Control Programme (DCCP) released to the State Govts did not reached the districts, thereby hampering the implementation of the scheme.

8. Private grantee institutions were not providing benefits to the needy and the poor.

Medical Equipments in Safdarjung Hospital

3949. SHRI KARNENDU BHATTACHARJEE: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Safdarjung Hospital, Delhi is in dire need of transmission equipment including some of the vital equipment like MRI machines;

(b) if so, the details thereof and reasons therefor; and

(c) by when these life-saving equipments are likely to be supplied?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKSHMI): (a) to (c) The Strengthening/Upgradation of Safdarjung Hospital is a continuous process.

Over the past few years, equipments like Spiral CT Scanner, Cathlab, Lithotrypsy, Whole-body Colour Doppler System etc., have been installed in the Safdarjung Hospital. Further, procurement of important equipments like MRI, Cobalt Therapy, Brachy Therapy machine and Back Alert 3-D system is at an advanced stage and the same are likely to be installed during the current financial year.

Modernisation of Hospitals

†3950. SHRI LEKHRAJ BACHANI:
PROF. R.B.S. VARMA:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that financial assistance has been received from World Bank for modernization of hospital of the country;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) the names of the States whose hospitals would be modernized by using the said financial assistance; and

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.